## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

## TWELVE POINTS

ABOUT THE NOVEMBER ST. NICHOLAS.

I. It begins a new volume. II. It is just the number with which to begin

III. It is one of the most charming numbers of "the best periodical for young folks"

IV. It has a beautiful new cover.

V. It contains opening chapters of a new serial story by Mrs. Burnett,—her first long story for boys and girls. VI. And a frontispiece picture drawn by Mary Hallock Foote.

VII. And "New Bits of Talk for Young Folks," by Heien Jackson (H. H.) 7III. And a delightful paper on "Rome," by Frank R. Stockton.

IX. And a story by Louisa M. Alcott, with very funny pictures by E. W. Kemble. X. And contributions from Susan Coolidge.

Dora Read Goodale, Celia Thaxter, and
others; "Two Middles at Ephesus,"
"Among the Law-makers," etc., etc.

XL And the article on "Home-made Christ-mas Gifts," which is worth a whole year's subscription.

And all this for 25 cents, or 12 times a year for \$3.00. THE CENTURY CO., New York.

Shout the glad tidings Exultingly sing, Victor E triumphs, ADLER IS KING. BY THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE WE HAV

IN WASHINGTON

BEEN PERMITTED TO REMAIN

hment, to inspect our stock of MEN'S ble scheme, and rallied to our support. They upheld rooms, and have on exhibition as large and handsome a line of goods as the occasion requires, or the mos fastidious tastes demand. For all this we are indebted to the PEOPLE. We are not only truly thankful, but deeply grateful, and shall evidence our gratitude and full appreciation thereof by pinning our faith to and keeping faith with the PEOPLE by PROTECTING

VICTOR E. ADLER'S

TEN PER CENT CLOTHING HOUSE

ABOVE ACTUAL COST OF MANUFACTURE.

F YOU WANT FIRST-CLASS WORK DONE AT SHORT NO FICE, at living rates, go to JUDD & DETWEILER,

But 'son't forget to pay the Printer, as it costs mone to rule a first-class printing office. 1stp-1t

SPECIAL NOTICE

HOUSEKERPERS

MOORE & LEDING, JEWELERS, 1109 PENNSYLVANIA AVE HAVE JUST SECURED A VERY LARGE LOT OF GENUINE ROGERS BROTHERS SPOONS, FORKS AND KNIVES.

UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES

LARGE AND SELECT STOCK OF BEST PLA-WE SOLICIT AN EARLY CALL.oc10-1m-1p

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,

BLINDS, FRAMES AND HARDWARE ARE WHITE PINE STOCK, 1"X12"-16 ft., per 1,000

Dressed or Rough at same price. VIRGINIA PINE BOARDS, 16 ft., per 1,000 ft.

\$12.50. WHITE PINE DOORS, Inch-and-a-haif, all regular sizes, \$1.00.

HOT BED SASH VERY LOW. Odd Size Frames, Sash Doors-a specialty. Lumber Delivered, any part of city, free of charge. Estimates furnished free of charge

WILLET & LIBBRY. 6th street and New York avenue WEDDING INVITATIONS PROMPTLY

AND PROPERLY EXECUTED AT PARETS. 913 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE isfaction guaranteed in every particular. We do our own work on the place, and invite you to inspect the modus operandi.

VIRITING AND RECEPTION CARDS LADIES ATTENTION.

LATEST PARISIAN MODES IN HAIR GOODS MILLE M. J. PRANDL 1309 F STREET. POMPADOUR BANGS. SHINGLED BANGS

ANGLO-AMERICAN INSURANCE CO.

## Knenna

WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1885.

Washington News and Gossip.

CHANGES IN THE OFFICES. Appointments, Promotions. Etc. The following appointments have been made

his, to \$900 class in the office of register; Miss Cynthia E. Cleveland, of Dakota, to \$1,000 class in the office of the Secretary; L.R.Lothrop, of Minnesota, and Chas. Rhodes, of Ohio, to \$900 class in the office of the sixth auditor. Promotions—E.G. Haywood, jr., of North Carolina, from class 1 to class 2, in the office of the first controller. SECRETARY WHIENEY Went to New York last evening to take advantage of the last day for registration.

PUBLICITY TO SURVEYS OF PUBLIC LANDS. The commissioner of the general land office has ssued instructions to the registers and receivers of land offices, informing them that hereafter when an approved plat of the survey of any township is transmitted to them by the surveyor general they will not regard such plat officially received and filed at their offices until a notice has been posted in the land office, in the post offices nearest the land, the office of the clerk of the court and published in the newspapers, stating that the plat of survey will be filed on a day not less than 30 days from the date of the notice.

NAVAL ORDERS .- Rear Admiral J. C. P. De Krafft, detached from duty as president of the board of inspection and placed on waiting orders. Capt. O. F. Stanton, ordered to command the naval station at New London, Conn., 31st inst. Lieut. Robert G. Peck, detached from duty in the Navy department 29th inst. and ordered to the Ranger November 5th. Lieut. C. S. Richman, detached from the Ranger and placed on waiting orders.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY .- Internal

revenue, \$449,104; customs, \$594,491.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL'S SISTER DEAD. Postmaster General Vilas this morning received a telegram announcing the death of his sister at Madison, Wis. He will leave the city to-night or to-morrow morning to attend the funeral.

ANDREW JOHNSON AND CONGRESS. What Mr. W. W. Warden Knows About It NOT THE SHADOW OF REASON FOR BELIEVING THAT JOHNSON FEARED AN ARMED COM-

Mr. W. W. Warden, who was President Johnson's assistant secretary, stated to a STAR reporter to-day that there was not the shadow of a reason for believing that President Johnson ever had an idea of an armed conflict arising from his disagreements with Congress. Everybody knew, he said, that there was a force of armed veterans in Washington at that TEMPERANCE RALLY AT N. CAPItol M. E. Church, cor. K and N. Capitol sts.,
Sunday, at 7:30 p.m., under the auspices of D. P. Holloway Lodge of G od 1 emplars. Addresses by Hon.
R. B. VANCE, of North Carolina, and C. N. Whitney,
esq., of Illinois. Choir of 25 voices. Public invited.

Bring Veterals in washington at that
time numbering two or three thousand.
They were not brought here, however,
but lived here. The departments were
full of them. There were a great many intemperate things said and written on the subject but lived here. The departments were HE WILL ADHERE TO WHAT HE SAID IN OHIObut Mr. Warden was satisfied, from his inti-mate relations with the President, that he had no idea of extreme measures being taken.

"Paragraphs of an incendiary character appeared in many papers, particularly republican papers," he continued, "and when I read them to the President in the evening, as was my custom, he always treated them as ridiculous imaginings of extremists. As to the statement that Mr. Standard was very cordially received.

"Are you going to make any speeches in the pead and front of the opposition to the city all o'clock this morning and took quarters.

Ebbitt. A STAR reporter called upon him and was very cordially received.

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"Are you going to make any speeches in the city all o'clock this morning and took quarters." ton was the head and front of the opposition to the President, I know that he was his early and bitter enemy. He held secret conferences with his followers opposing the President's policy, and these facts became so well known that the President's counsellors advised his removal from the cabinet. Mr. Guthrie, of the Senate, and Mr. Eldredge, of the House, were sent to the President from Congress to advise him to do this. The President did decide to send Stanton as minister to Spain, but he was subsequently dissuaded from carrying out this intention That Mr. Stanton expected a conflict at arms I do not know, but I am positive that the President did not. He had a great many enemies, and they were very intemperate I know, but the presence of the vetages in Washington may be him a presence ? erans in Washington gave him no uneasiness."

"It has been stated," continued Mr. Warden,
"that Attorney General Black was Johnson's
constant adviser in regard to the expected conflict with Congress. This is not so. Mr. Black
was at the White House a great deal, but I
happen to know that his conferences were not
on that subject. His main object was to induce
the President to retain grange islands the President to retain certain guano islands, to which Secretary Seward was opposed, and also to advise the President on legal and constitutional questions, which arose in his ad-

ministration. WHY JOHNSON QUARRELED WITH

What Johnson Told a Washington Correspondent. "Come, judge, tell us what you know about the quarrel between President Johnson and Gen. Grant."

"Why do you suppose I know anything about this quarrel?" replied Mr. A. H. Evans to a the Boston Post during the President's term of office and occupied confidential relations with him. Do you not remember that the New York dailies copied your dispatches as 'from the

White House correspondent of the Boston who continued: "Yes, I did enjoy in some degree the confidence of President Johnson, who gave me a detailed account of the causes leading to his quarrel with Grant. On one occasion when this subject was up, the President inquired: 'Do you know that Grant himself was quired: 'Do you know that Grant himself was the direct cause of my suspending Stanton?' 'Mr. President, you surprise me,' I replied. 'It is true,' continued the President, 'and I will tell you how it was brought about. Grant came to me and complained of being ignored by Stanton, who was issuing all military orders directly from the War department, and in violation of the rights of the general commanding the army. I advised him to see Stanton and have some friendly understanding as to what were the rights of each party in the premises. Grant left, promising to see Stanton at once and have some understanding.'

'After the lapse of some weeks Grant 'again

'After the lapse of some weeks Grant 'again called at the President's House, and was louder than ever in his complaints of the Secretary of War. He stated that Stanton would pay no attention whatever to anything he had to say, and if he was to be thus entirely ignored by the Secretary of War, he (Grant) had as well have his headquarters in St. Louis as in Washington, and better, too, as he would be spared much mortification. In this interview Grant insisted on my issuing an order transferring his head-I said to him in reply: Go to Stanton again.

partment until such time as he might deliver possession again to the President; and that Grant acknoweledged before the cabinet that he accepted the portfolio with this understanding and pledge to the President. Thereupon I issued my order suspending Stanton and appointing Gen. Grant Acting Secretary of War. Imagine my surprise, sirl when early one morning I was informed that Grant had voluntarily returned to his old headquarters, leaving Mr. Stanton in full possession of the War department. In cabinet meeting I charged Gen. Grant with treachery. An issue of veracity having been raised before the House of Representatives, Gen. Grant denying that he ever gave such a pledge, the President's statement was substantiated by the testimony of every member of my cabinet.' From that time on to the date of Johnson's death he and Grant were enemies."

Grant were enemies." All Quiet on the Isthmus. BUT TROUBLE FEARED IN THE SPRING-THE

CANAL Rear Admiral McCauley, commanding the

in the Treasury department, under civil service rules, for a probationary term of 6 months: Miss Minuie C. McGill, of the District of Colum-

of the change. Mr. Coon will hold office until his successor qualifies.

The following promotions and appointments have been made in the Pension office: Appointments—Dr. S. G. Staples, of Virginia, medical examiner at \$1,800, under civil service rules; Juan Sumerlin as messenger; John W. Penn and J. A. C. Stuart as messenger boys. Promotions—James E. Mulligan, of Maryland, from \$1,200 to \$1,400; Miss Sallie F. Patterson, of Massachusetts, and Mrs. Ellen K. Temple, of Wisconsin, from \$1,000 to \$1,200; Miss Mattle A. Lester, of Mississippi, and Mr. James Kennelly, of Ohio, from \$900 to \$1,200; Miss Mary E. Terry, of Massachusetts, Miss Maggie Hanan, of the District of Columbia, and Mr. Harry E. Burnam, of Indiana, from \$900 to \$1,000.

A TALK WITH SENATOR SHERMAN. He is Going to Virginia to Take Part in the Campaign.

FAIR ELECTIONS.

Senator Sherman arrived in the city about 7 o'clock this morning and took quarters at the Ebbitt, A STAR reporter called upon him there "Are you going to make any speeches in Vir-"Yes," he replied, "I go from here to Petersburg. I shall leave here Monday, and I under-

stand lam to address an afternoon meeting in Petersburg Tuesday." "Will you make more than one speech in Virginia? "Yes; but I don't know as yet precisely where

I am to speak. I am going down upon a telegram and am not yet advised of the program. gram and am not yet advised of the program. Gen. McKinley, of Ohio, goes with me. I understand that I am to speak somewhere in the Valley, and a friend told me I was expected to make a speech in Norfolk. Foraker and some others, I am informed, are also going to Virginia, but I presume they will not be with me."

"Senator, it has been said that you would change your line of policy in Virginia from that which you adopted in Onio," suggested the STAR reporter. STAR reporter.

"I shall adhere to all that I said in Ohio." replied the Senator firmly. "I have been misrepresented in regard to my speeches in Ohio. Why, I did not fiaunt the bloody shirt;' I made

Why, I did not flaunt the 'bloody shirt,' I made no allusion to the war except to say that it was over, and that all its animosities should be buried. Nothing that I said was intended or calculated to rekindle prejudicles of the war. I did not even appeal to Union soldiers. I was flyhting, and am now, against frauds in elections. The whole country is interested in fair elections and an honest count, and I have contended for that. Why, it is admitted in the south that the elections are not fair. Three of the leading papers of that section have admitted all that I have charged. The Charleston News and Courier has boldly a clared that this is a white man's government and that it must be so maintained. It has alknowledged the truth of my charges, but it attempts to justify the suppression of the colored vote. It has said that the colored people do not like it, but cannot help themselves. A leading paper in Georgia has come out and admitted that Senator Sherman told the truth in regard to southern elections, but it justifies the course adopted there. In Virginia I shall pursue the same line of argument as in Ohio. I shall not

"Will you speak in New York, Senator?"
"No; I will not have time, as the election is near at hand. But I don't think it is necessary. Everything is going along swimmingly there, and the republicans do not appear to need much help." Senator Sherman expressed himself as very confident of the future of his party, and seemed to feel very easy as to the result in New York. He also has strong hopes of success in Virginia. In the course of his remarks he said it was absurd for Gen. Lee to charge that he (Sherman) was reviving the bitter feelings of the war, while the democratic candidate for governor of Virginia was preaching peace and union. Mr. Sherman thought Gen. Lee was doing more to appeal to sectional prejudice then appeal to section to the s

appeal to sectional prejudice than anybody else. THE PRESIDENT'S CONTRIBUTION He Sends \$1,000 to the New York St Democratic Committee.

EXECUTIVE MANSION WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.

Allon B. Parker, Chairman State Executive Con Dear Sir: I send with this a contribution to

ward defraying the expenses of the democratic campaign in the state of New York. \* \* \* Yours truly, GROVER CLEVELAND. This is an extract from a letter delivered at Col. Dan. S. Lamont, President Cleveland's private secretary. President Cleveland, it is said. contribution to the cause. The contribution is \$1,000.

Besides the contribution from the President,

Besides the contribution from the President, Secretaries Manning and Whitney have contributed \$1,000 each, and Assistant Secretary Fairchild and Col. Lamont \$500 each. It has been the custom of President Cleveland, while he was governor and during past years, to contribute to the campaign fund of his party. In sending his remittance to the committee this year he only follows out his custom. The President has taken this most effectual way of sileneing the mugwump doubts about his democracy. He will be home at Buffalo on elemocracy. He will be home at Buffalo on election day, and he will vote for the straight democratic ticket from Hill to Einathan Sweet inclusive.

COL MOORS IN REPLY TO MR. KELLOGG-PRES-IDENT JOHNSON SUSPICIOUS OF AN ARMED ORGANIZATION OF VETERANS IN WASHING-

dence in Illinois. When President Johnson arrived there, in the "swing around the circle," to this effect: That when addressing the crowd, the President was constantly interrupted by calls for Grant, whereupon the President called out, 'What are you calling for Grant for? He is not a candidate against me, or me against him.' Mr. Kellogg adds: 'It shows that while he might not have complained to Col. Moore, he certainly did to the citizens of my town.'

"I simply stated in the interview in question," continued Col. Moore, "that I never heard the President make any complaint that either Gen. Grant or Admiral Farragut attempted, during the swing around the circle, to take the wind out of his sails.' The complaint on the occasion to which Mr. Kellogg refers was against the people of his town for rude treatment, and not against Gen. Grant."

GRANT AND JOHNSON. More Recollections of the Exciting Re construction Period.

WHAT GEN. SHERMAN SATS OF GRANT'S RE-PUBAL TO BE ORDERED TO MEXICO-THE OR-GANIZATION OF A FORCE TO SUSTAIN JOHNSON VETERANS IN WASHINGTON. Col. Frank A. Burr, of the Philadelphia Times

staff, who has just completed his "Life and

Promotions—E.G. Haywood, ir., of North Carollina, from class 1 to class 2, in the office of the first controller.

J. R. Hertiord has resigned his position in the U.S. Treasurer's office, to take effect November 4, for the purpose of engaging in business in this city.

The following changes have been made in the Treasury department: Hartwell Jenison, of New York, chief division loans' register's office, reduced to fourth class clerkship, to take effect the 30th inst. Paul Hersh, of Pennsylvania, elerk class 4, dismissed, to take effect 29th inst. Thos, G. Hensey, of New York, clerk class, of Minnesotia, a \$1,200 clerk in the third auditor's office, dismissed to reduce the force.

The Secretary of Treasury has made the following appointments in the light house service; E. P. Littlefield, to be keeper, and Joseph B. Eddy, to be assistant keeper, and Joseph B. E. L. Nathanlel Dodge, to be keeper at Warwick Harbor, R. I. J. H. Reeves, to be keeper at Ludman's Beach, N. J.; Edwin J. Moore, to be keeper at Calumet, Ill.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Coon was seen by a reporter at the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York last night, and in reply to inquiries about his rumored resignation, is reported to have said that Secretary of the Treasury Coon was seen by a reporter at the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York last night, and in reply to inquiries about his rumored resignation, is reported to have said that Secretary of the Treasury Coon was seen by a reporter at the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York last night, and in reply to inquiries about his rumored resignation, is reported to have said that Secretary of the Treasury Os was seen by a reporter at the Fifth Avenue hotel in the Beach, N. J.; Edwin J. Moore, to be would stand a court-martial first. He then that he had said at the time that he was not in the habit of receiving orders from the Secretary of State, whereupon they had said that the could be very easily remedied, business and appointments have been made in the Pension office. Appoint the secretary of War. Gen said that if they wanted to send the army down there with him at its head that was a very different thing, but that he could not be ordered by the Secretary of War upon any diplomatic mission whatever. After this explanation I said to him:

"Well, what do they want of me?"

"I do not know,' was his reply.

"After this conversation I went over immediately and called upon the President, without visiting Secretary stanton or any other of the cabinet officers. The President told me frankly that they were going to send Lew Campbell as minister to Mexico, accredited to the Juarez government, and that it was thought best to send General Grant along with him; that his high position and his known friendship for Mexico would give this act high standing and place our minister in a commanding position with the government to which he was accredited. I asked where Juarez was. The answer came that he was either at El Paso or near Monterey. I then said: General Grant upon this service?'
"'Well,' said the President, 'he has a great reputation there as well as here, and will properly introduce our representative.'

"I said: 'Mr. President, this is a diplomatic mission and General Grant will not go upon it. He will disobey the order if it is issued.'

"The President seemed very much surprised and said that he had very great regard for Gen. Grant and would not like to do anything that was distasteful to him, yet he thought it would be to the interest of the government if he would go down with Mr. Campbell and present him to the Juarez government. After some further conversation I replied:

"Well, Gen. Hancock's command extends to El Paso and Gen. Sheridan's south of that to the gulf. Either of them would escort our minister to Mexico to his proper destination and present him to the government to which he is accredited. But if it would relieve the Executive of any embarrassment, my comreputation there as well as here, and will prop-

Executive of any embarrassment, my command includes both of theirs and I will go down myself.'

down myself.'

"'Very well, if you will go that settles it,'
said the President, 'and it will do just as well.'

"He asked me to call upon the Secretary of
the Navy, which I did, and five days later took
the steamer for the gulf. Thus was the difficulty, so far as Gen. Grant was concerned,
bridged over and he was kept from an open
rupture with the Executive. My opinion is
they desired to get rid of him and keep him
from being a candidate for the presidency.
What they wanted of me in case Gen. Grant
was sent out of the country I do not know. The
discussion between President Johnson and
myself never got that isr."

don. Grant Standing Between the Pres-ident and Congress as a Peace Maker. In relation to the belligerent side of President Johnson's acts about this time and the organisation of a force to sustain him in an open rupture with Congress, of which General Horace Porter speaks, Mr. Burr continues: "General Grant's differences with Andrew Johnson were continuous without an open conflict during all of his term as President. As the difficulties be-tween Grant and the President grew General tween Grant and the President grew General Grant was informed that an arrangement was being made in Maryland for an organization of a force to support the President in case there was an open rupture between himself and Congress. He directed the officer commanding in Washington at the time to send a trusted officer into Maryland to ascertain the strength of the force and what was being done in the way of arming and drilling it. It was the duty of the first officer sent to only report as to the strength

force and what was being done in the way of arming and drilling it. It was the duty of the first officer sent to only report as to the strength of the force, and he performed that duty; and his present recollection is that the militia force of the state did not exceed five thousand. After this officer had reported upon the strength and location, another officer was dispatched, who reported upon its operations how it was handled, etc.

Both of the officers are still living who were sent upon this duty. Only a day or so after the report of the last officer upon this subject, Gov. Tom Swan, of Maryland, made a requisition for all of the field artillery to which the state was entitled. This requisition Gen. Grant pigeon-holed and remarked to a friend, an officer of high standing, who was sitting near:

"I have a mind to write to the governor of Maryland and notify him that I am fully sware of what is going on and intend to keep my eye upon it." After a moment's thought he said: "No; I think I had better keep still."

Only a day or two after this President Johnson came over to his office and spent an hour talking about commonplace matters, but just before he started to go he turned to Gen. Grant and said:

"General. I am very anyious to know in case."

"General, I am very anxious to know in case there should be an open rupture between my-self and Congress with which side you will be "That will depend," said the general, with some earnestness, "upon which is the revolu-tionary party."

I said to him in reply: Go to Stanton again, general, and try once more to harmonize your official positions. Be frank with Stanton, and appeal to his better nature. I think you may succeed yet in making everything pleasant, and at the same time relieve me from a very great embarrassment. In a short time Grant again returned, complaining more bitterly of stanton than ever, and insisting on changing his headquarters to St. Louis. What could I state democratic leaders and to carry his headquarters to St. Louis. What could I does I said to Grant: "I would willingly relieve to the cause. The contribution is lization, and its purpose was to be ready to meet the contribution to the cause. The contribution is lization, and its purpose was to be ready to meet the contribution is lization, and its purpose was to be ready to meet the contribution is lization, and its purpose was to be ready to meet the contribution in the cause of the fings of the ington there was an organization of three thousands and veteran soldiers, under the command of a major general, who is still living and is one of the most conspicuous volunteer Mr. Stanton was the master spirit of the organization, and its purpose was to be ready to meet any emergency that might arise. The President was commander-in-chief of the army, and neither side was able to find out what Gen. Grant would do in an emergency—whether he would obey Congress or the President. So each side had its little hostile force prepared for the clash, and Gen. Grant, fully aware of this state of things, stood between the two like an impassable barrier, warning both sides to keep the peace. It was well known that about the time President Johnson asked Gen. Grant the important question above described confidential letters were sent by the Secretary of the Navy to leading naval officers, several of whom are still living. The letters asked for much the same information.

Gen. Butler's Mysterious Allusion. Gen. Butler when asked in Boston yesterday why President Johnson's desire to revolution ise the government did not appear in the im-peachment proceedings, either in the House when the impeachment was discussed or when "Mr. A. W. Kellogg, in yesterday's STAR," said Col. Wm. G. Moore, this morning, to a STAR reporter, "refers to an interview with me published in Thursday's paper, and relates an incident which occurred at his place of residence in Illinois. When President Johnson arrived there, in the "swing around the circle," to this effect: That when addressing the crowd, the President was constantly interrupted by calls for Grant, whereupon the President called out, "What are you calling for Grant for? He is not a candidate against me, or me against him." Mr. Kellogg adds: "It shows that while he might not have complained to Col. Moore, he certainly did to the citizens of my town."

"I simply stated in the interview in questions are the impeachment was discussed or when the articles were prepared, replied that it was because there was no known evidence to prove it. Any proposition to Gen. Grant was in confidence and the latter could not disclose it, at there was another revolutionary scheme partly developed, but not provable, of which some moral evidence was in Gen. Butler's possession. He did not care to make it known, but secret investigation disclosed damaging facts, not enough, however, to found impeachment articles were prepared, replied that it was because there was no known evidence to prove it. Any proposition to Gen. Grant was in confidence and the latter could not disclose it, at there was another revolutionary scheme partly developed, but not provable, of which some it known, but secret investigation disclosed damaging facts, not enough, however, to found impeachment articles were prepared, replied that it was because there was no known evidence to prove it. Any proposition to Gen. Grant was in confidence and the latter could not disclose it, at the provable, of which some it and not until after Johnson's death. There was another revolutionary scheme partly developed, but not provable, of which some it and not until after Johnson's death. There was another revolutionary scheme partly developed, but not provable,

SAW THE PRESIDENT.—Secretary Bayard. Secretary Endicate and Attorney General Gar-land saw the President to-day.

TWO CENTS.

Telegrams to The Star. ENGLISH POLITICS LIVELY.

IN CASE OF A RUPTURE WITH CONGRESS-THE THE MARQUIS OF LORNE MOBBED.

PRESBYTERIANS AND EVOLUTION.

THE ROUMELIAN QUESTION. THE CAMPAIGN IN ENGLAND.

'Why I Am a Liberal," the Literary Campaign Manual-Mr. Gladstone to Speak in Scotland.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE EVENING STAR.

LONDON, October 24.—Literature and politics are mixed here to-day because of a brilliant idea

Why? Because all I haply can and do,
All that I am now, all I hope to be,
Whence came it save from fortune setting free!
Body and soul, the purpose to pursue
God traced for both? If fetters not a few
Of prejudice, convention, fall from me,
These shall I bid men each in his degree
Also God guided bear and gaily too?
But little do or can the best of us.
That little is achieved through liberty.
Who then dares hold, emancipated thus,
His fellow shall continue bound? Not I,
Who live, love, labor freely, not discuss,
A brother's right to freedom. That is why.

A brother's right to freedom. That is why.

Gladstone sends the following definition:

"The principle of liberalism is trust in the people qualified by prudence. The principle of conservatism is mistrust in the people qualified by fear." Earl Roseberry answers: "Because I wish to be associated with the best men in the best work." Chamberlain writes: "Progress is the law in politics." Fifty prominent liberals combine to make this a splendid campaign document.

opinion expressed by John Morley last night, when he said that the liberal party was on the eve of a great victory. It is now known that Mr. Gladstone will speak three times in Scotland, beginning on November 10. He will be able to reply to Lord Salisbury's speech at the Mansion house banquet just before.

THE BALKAN SITUATION. Bitter Denunciation of King Milan by an English Journalist. Special Cable Dispatch to THE EVENING STAR.

LONDON, October 24 .- For the moment all is suspense on the Balkan question. The English feeling to which I recently referred is expressed to-day by Arthur J. Evans, a special correspondent, who knows probably more about the popular feeling in the Balkans than any one else. He calls King Milan a miserable tool of an imperial counter revolution. He says the king has prostituted the honor of Servia, and betrayed ber most solemn trust, fawned on his foreign patrons and groveled in the mire of his dynastic interests. Whatever Servia may se-cure a real gain will fall to those whose interest is to stir up fratracidal strife among the Balkar

The Liquor Question in the Alps. Sepcial Cable Dispatch to THE EVENING STAR. LONDON, October 24.—Switzerland-decides b a plebiscite to-morrow whether to establish hope to gain the support of the cantons by the law assigning the proceeds of the new tax to the relief of local taxation. It will be an interesting decision, as the Swiss are both the best educated people and the heaviest drinkers in

The Armstrong Case.

four pages of philosophy called "Vastness."
Wilkie Collins has written a novel and dramatized it himself. He will publish the latter Renau is about to issue a new work in the form of a drama called "Le Pretre De Nemi." It is of the epoch of the rivalry between Rome and Alba. It will express his philosophical and po-

Pelted With Bad Eggs and His Hat Smashed Over His Eyes by a Tory treats Ingloriously, Leaving His Fol-

THE MARQUIS OF LORNE MOBBED.

party feeling, which already runs high, daily grows more bitter. The Marquis of Lorne, the liberal candidate for Hampstead, went down to Brentford, a town seven miles west of London, to deliver a campaign speech. While addressing the electors a mob assaulted him with rotage and some of them gainst the representative friend in my section of them. ten eges, and some of them, gaining the plat-form, smashed his hat over his head. The supporters of the marquis rushed to his rescue and a fight ensued. The noble lord now became so thoroughly frightened that he hastily departed from the scene, ran through the streets in a drenching rain to the railway station and immediately departed for London. Meanwhile the row continued, the supporters of the mar-quis being severely handled, and becoming discouraged at their desertion by their champion, they finally retreated, leaving their contestants masters of the field. The latter then seized the York campaign fund?"

"I don't know, but I heard so, and believe platform and passed a resolution condemning the policy of the liberals. When the queen's son-in-law made his appearance as the liberal candidate for Hampstead it occasioned considerable surprise, and when he put forward in his address advanced radical opinions, the surprise was greatly increased. He adopted Mr. Chamberlain's program of free education and advocated immediate disestablishment in Scotland. He championed the principles of the free land league, and with a view to the encouragement of the subdivision of land, suggested that sales of large estates en bloc should be subject to heavy taxation, while sales of land to be divided into smaller lots should be left duty free. As to the house of lords, he hardly went so far as the Hampstead radicals desired, being of the opinion that that venerable institution might be amended by the infusion of elected members. He favored the extension of local self-government to Ireland.

The Recent Reports of Fresh Anti-Chimese Riets There Untrue.

Rock Springs, Wro., October 24.—The reports of a recent raid upon Chinese here are sensational and untrue. There has been no or ganized demonstration of any kind, though one or two Chinamen who ventured out alone after nightfall have been assaulted, and a gang of Chinese section men were frightened from their houses Wednesday night by a gang of a half dozen small boys, who threw coal against the building occupied by them. Everything is quiet, and there is no real reason to apprehend any further trouble. Most of the old employer, including eleven of the sixteen who were arrested as leaders in the riot, have gone. It is alleged here that it is the intention of the company to employ only Mormons and Chinese hereafter, claiming that the former are convolled by the bishops and the latter by Chinese loans, hence strikes are not likely to take the converted and the properties of the report devoted to the report devoted

dispatch to the Globe from London says: The question of the constitutionality of the liquolicense act, passed by the dominion parity ment will come before the judicial committee of the privy council on November 11, on appeal from judgment of the Canadian suprement

St. James church, Brighton, on April 4th last, after a few days courtship, while his wite. Elizabeth Malcom, was alive, resulted to-day in a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to seven years penal servitude. The first trial lasted five days, and resulted in a disagreement of the jury. The case has attracted a great deal of attention, owing to the number of witnesses equally unimpeachable and equally positive who ranged themselves on either side to give evidence as to Malcolm's identity and for the purpose of establishing an alibl. Ali the witnesses present at the marriage, including the clergyman who performed the ceremony, swore most unhesitatingly to the identity of Malcolm with the Captain McDonald who married Miss Dash. On the other hand, a long list of witnesses were put forward who swore that the accused was not and could not be easily mistaken for the lover of Miss Dash. Malcolm's wife could not, under the law, be called as a witness, and her husband was thus debarred from the benefit of her testimony. The manageress of the Clarendon hotel at Brighton swore that a Captain McDonald slept there and had his wedding breakfast in her house on the Saturday after the wedding. But she was equally positive that this man was not Malcolm. Other witnesses gave strong testimony tending to prove an alibi covering the period of the courtship, marriage and brief honeymoon. The facts laid before the jury have been described as among the nost romantic ever discussed in a criminal court.

AN ENGLISH CAUSE CELEBRE

Conflicting Testimony by Unimpeacl

Defendant in a Bigamy Case,

ble Witnesses as to the Identity of th

London, October 24.-The second trial of James Malcom, a meat salesman, alias Captain

McDonald, for marrying Miss Emma Dash, at

St. James church, Brighton, on April 4th last,

REV. DR. RAMSEY DEFEATED. The Virginia Synod Fails to Sustain His Complaints Against Abingdon

Presbytery. LYNCHBURG, VA., October 24 .- In the Vir ginia synod last night the complaint of T. P. are mixed here to-day because of a brilliant idea to combine all literary liberalism in one overwhelming party manifesto in the shape of a book, eagerly awaited, called "Why I am a Liberal," being personal confessions of faith by the best minds of the liberal party, collected and edited by Andrew Reid and published by Cassell & Company. By the courtesy of the publishers I am able to give the following extracts in advance of publication. It begins with a splendid sonnet, by Robert Browning, in answer to the question: "Why am I a Liberal?" which I give entire.

Why? Because all I haply can and do, All that I am now, all I hope to be, Whence came it save from fortune setting free Body and soul, the purpose to pursue God traced for both? If fetters not a few Of prejudice, convention, fall from me, These shall I bid men each in his degree Also God guided bear and gaily too?

But little do or can the best of us. That little is achieved through liberty. Who then dares hold, emancipated thus, His fellow shall continue bound? Not I, Who live, love, labor freely, not discuss, Ramsey against the Abingdon Presbytery was

A Point for Dr. Woodrow. HIS REMOVAL FROM HIS PROFESSORSHIP COM-DENNED BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA SYNOD. CHARLESTON, S. C., October 24.—In the Presbyterian synod at Chester yesterday, a letter was submitted from Dr. Woodrop protesting against his removal from the Perkins' professorship at the Theological seminary as unconstitutional. It was referred to the seminary committee, who late at night submitted a majority and minority report the former disapproper of the committee of the paign document.

GLADSTONE TO SPEAK.

There is still a deluge of speeches everywhere. There is nothing new in the general where. Morelay last night.

Committee, who late at hight submittee a linguit submittee and minority report, the former disapproving of the action of the directors in removing Dr. Woodrow. The debate was finished last night, and the majority report, in favor of Woodrow, was adopted.

Death of Ex-Gov. Page. RUTLAND, VT., October 24.—Ex-Gov. Page died at his residence here this morning of bronchial pneumonia.

A Farmer's Fatal Spree Kingston, N. Y., October 24.—The dead body of a man was found horribly mangled this morning one-half mile north of here on the West Shore railroad track. It was identified as that of James Scully, a farmer from Grand Gorge, Delaware county. He came here to attend Barnum's circus and was seen intoxicated last evening.

British Mail Service to China. Toronto, October 24.—A cable dispatch from London to the Globe says: "The imperial post office authorities are now advertising for tenders for the conveyance of mails from Coal Harbor, British Columbia, to the Island of Hong Kong and from Hong Kong to Coal Harbor, The advertisement calls for a fortnightly service to be made by way of Yokonama, both outward and homeward. The present contracts for the conveyance of the British mails to China terminate on January 31st, 1888. Tenders in response to the present offer may be sent in up to March 31, 1886." This is regarded here as an important recognition of the Canadian Pacific routes.

DES MOINES, IOWA, October 24.—Reports from Fort Dodge indicate that a fatal disease is killing off the hogs with frightful rapidity in Webster county. Many farmers have lost nearly every hog. The disease is not the cholera, but a new and strange one. The animals are attacked with a cough, and in a day or two are dead. It attacks with equal fatality animals of all ages.

all ages. Special Cable Dispatch to the Evening Star.

London, October 24.—The change by the prosecution in the Armstrong indictment from felony to misdemeanor has two objects—first, to give the defendants the opportunity of entering the witness box on their own behalf, second, a jury is much more likely to find them guilty if the verdict does not involve hard labor.

Literary Notes from London.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Evening Star.

London, October 24.—It is rumored that the authorities have warned Capt. Burton that they will prosecute him if he issues the third volume of his "Arabian Nights."

Tennyson's recent volume of poems contains four pages of philosophy called "Vastness" From Wall Street To-day.

The President and the New York Car WHAT THE CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVENTION THAT NOMINATED HILL SAYS-A CLOSE CON-TEST, BUT HILL'S ELECTION CERTAIN. Hon. George Raines, L. F. Spencer and

Thomas Brown, of Rochester, N. Y., are in the city to-day, looking after some appointments they want for working democrats of their sec. tion that nominated Hill. A STAR reporter who met him at the Ariington this morning Mob at Breptierd-The Noble Lord Re- asked what he thought of the situation in New London, October 24.—It is now evident that the parliamentary campaign will not pass off without serious rioting in many quarters, as the contest will be close. All the demo-

"Does the administration support the ticket "There is no doubt about it," was the reply.
"I am a friend of President Cleveland—I may say a representative friend in my section of the state. I have represented Cleveland politics from the first, and I am working my best for Hill. I believe I represent the President in so doing." He said this with a significant emphasis that seemed to indicate that he not only believed, but knew he was representing the President. "In Rochester," he continued, "there is no doubt felt about Cleveland's loyalty to the democratic nominee." "Do you know as to the truth of the statement that Cleveland and the New York members of

The Navies of Europe POINTS FROM THE REPORT OF NAVAL CORST TOR HICHBORK. Naval Constructor Philip Hichborn, who was

sent last year to visit the principal dockyards of Europe, has submitted to Secretary Whitney his report upon the navies of the principal Suropean nations. In the last fifteen years England has expended upon the construction and repair of vessels \$217,319,275. Germany has spent since 1867 about \$140,000,000, and now ranks as the fourth naval power. Russia is nominally third, with 870 vessels, but only 120 are effective. France has an equipment for construction and repair that could not be duplicated in this country under several decades, and at a cost of several hundred millions of dollars.

and He Travels with a Lunch Bas

Auditor Chenowith has decided that me pers, tips to waiters, and fees to porters and

620 F STREET NORTHWEST. MOUR FIRE AND MARINE POLICIES.

SPECIAL NOTICES. TENTH ISSUE.

Vol. 67-No 10,137.

EQUITABLE CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

ASSETS October 16, 1885, \$552,442.66.

Monthly payments are \$2.50 per share.

Shares in the tenth issue may be taken and payments made at the office of the Association, 917 F st., from 8:30 a. m. to 4:30 p. m. daily. Pamphlet explaining the object of the Association, its advantages, benefits, &c., furnished upon application.

THOMAS SOMERVILLE, President.

JNO. JOY EDSON, Sec'y.

OC24-1w THE PIONEER MILLS FLOURS ARE absolutely free from the Unhealthy Seath Dirt. See ad. in "Sunday Capital." oc23-24

Dirt. See ad. in "Sunday Capital."

OC23-24

OFFICE OE COLLECTOR OF TAXES,
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
WASHINGTON, October 23, 1885.

The tax-payers of the District will take notice that the undersigned has received the duplicate of seesments of the Taxes for the year ending June 30,1886, and will be ready to receive payment of Taxes at this office from and after the first day of November. 1885.

One-half of said tax is due November 1, 1885, the other half May 1, 1886.

On so much of the first half of said taxes due November 1, 1885, as shall not be paid during said month a penalty of two (2) per cent will be added on the first day of each succeeding month thereafter, until the same is paid, or otherwise proceeded with as the law directs.

tirects.

The law imposes a like penalty for non-payment of second half, due May 1, 1886, if not paid within said month of May.

Oct 3-7t

Collector of Taxes D. C. NOTICE—THE PUBLIC IS HERBY
notified that the officers of the German
Capitol Hill Building Association, No. 4, are about to
organize a permanent association, for which purpose
a meeting has been arranged to be held at St. Joseph a
School Hall, 2d street, near C northeast. All contemplating or wishing to join an association of this
kind are cordially invited to attend MONDAY, Oct.
26th, at 8 o'clock p. m.

OC22-3t\*

REMOVED-REMOVED TO 1214 F ST.—
MISS ANNA C. AYARS desires to announce
the removal of her Dressmaking Parlors to the above
address, where she will be pleased to furnish at shortest notice Reception and Evening Dresses, Tailor-made
Suits, Mantles, Wraps, &c.

MISS A C AVARS MISS A. C. AYARS.

PRIVATE DANCING LESSONS GIVEN
by a lady thoroughly competent to teach the
waltz,military schottische,etc.,and other round dances
by a short and easy method. Address Miss A. C., Star
office. oc19-6t THE COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Transfer books closed from October 26th to November 2d, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Trustees, oc17,20,22,24-4t H. K. WILLARD, Secretary. MARYLAND DEMOCRATS TO THE Front—The Maryland Democratic Association, of the D. C., has secured reduced transportation for all democratic voters at the municipal and state elections. Certificates will be issued by the undersigned. Voters desiring aid should apply at once to CHAS. C. LANCASTER, oct 17-codts Chairman Campaign Com. 1313 F st. p.w. oc17-eo4t\* Chairman Campaign Com., 1313 F st. n.w. MR. L. S. EMERY

DR H. THOMPSON MURRAY,

MADE CLOTHING AT EXACTLY 10 PER CENT WILLIAM MCLEAN & SON, LUMBER MERCHANTS.

> LUMBER. Having made arrangements to carry on the business of the late firm of WM. McLEAN & SON, I am particof the late firm of WM. McLEAN & SON, I am particularly desirous of thanking our old customers for their liberal patronage and support, and hope to merit a continuance of same by honest methods and strict personal attention to all the branches of the business. My first and paramount aim will be to continue in the reputation of the late firm by seeing that every customer receives value for his money. My second and important object will be to so systematize the business that all shall receive the same amount of attention, in correspondence, making of accounts, estimates, and orders, and that all orders, whether large or small, shall be promptly dispatched. For the next thirty to sixty days I will make inducements in all grades, especially in Hard Woods and Florida Pine.
>
> WM. R. McLEAN, Surviving Partner to

Surviving Partner to WM. McLEAN & SON, 13th and B streets n.w. MR. P. N. DWYER has supplanted my forme Salesman, and is the only authorized person your orders. sez2 MEDICATED, ELECTRIC AND STEAM
Baths: Magnetic treatment for Rheumatism
and Nervous Diseases, by MRS. BROWN (Col.), W. F. WEINHEIMER'S PATENT

514 8th st. n.w.
Pension and Claim Agents' work a specialty.
Briefs Testimony, Petitions and Arguments. BR. H. M. SCHOOLEY, Dentist,
H. s removed his Office to Room 61, Pacific Building,
oct-1m SAMUEL & SHEDD

SLATE MANTELS SLATE MANTELS In stock Latrobes, Ranges, Furnaces. CORSON & MACARTNEY, BANKERS CORSON & MACARTNEY, BANKERS,
Gicver Boilding, 1419 F 47,
Washington, D. C.
Feposit Accounts, subject to check at sight, received from Firms. Corporations and Individuals.
All Stocks and Bonds listed on the New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges bought and sold on commission. Boston orders executed. American Beil Telephone Stock dealt in.
Dustrict of Columbia bonds of all denominations on hand for sale. Stock and Bonds of all local street Railroads. Gas., Insurance and Telephone Companies bought and sold.

IF YOUR TIME IS SHORT, AND YOU MUST HAVE A BRIEF OR ARGUMENT PRINTED QUICK, go to JUDD & DETWEILER, and they will give you a lesson on TIME. This is especially intended for LAWYERS, who are always \$100.77—on time.

OUR STOCK COMPRISES

BBASS ANDIRONS. BRASS FENDERS. BRASS SCREENS, with Decorated Glass, BRASS SCREENS, with Peacock's Feathers, BRASS SCREENS, for Embroidery. BRASS EASELS, BRASS COAL HODS, BRASS COAL VASES. BRASS WOOD CARRIERS. BRASS LAMPS, in Great Variety, BRASS BELLOWS, BRASS BRUSHES. BRASS FIRE SETS BRASS HEARTH RESTS. BRASS COAL GRABS. RRASS WOOD TONGS BRASS BOUND HALL CLOCK. BRASS HAT RACKS BRASS MIRRORS, Brass sconces, BRASS COMB AND BRUSH TRAYS. BRASS MATCH BOXES

BRASS TRIVETS, BRASS TEAKETTLES BRASS CAFETIER. BRASS CHAIRS, BRASS WHATNOTS

DOCTOR W. K. BUTLER, Office 1107 11th st. n w. Telephonic connection.

1214 F st. n.w. (up stairs). FOR A BRILLIANT LIGHT AND perfect safety use KYNEAL'S ROYAL SECURITY OIL; burns in all lamps.

Oc20-im Depot 418 7th st. a.w.

A semi-annual dividend of four per cent on the capital stock of this company has been declared, and will be payable to Stockholders on and after MONDAY, November 2d, at the company's office, in the Kellogg

R. H. WARNER'S REAL ESTATE BUREAU, DENTAL NOTICE—DR. E. R. RUST, having returned from Europe, will resume the practice of his profession. Office, 1211 Penn octo-1m\* GAS FIXTURES Can be purchased at LOWEST RATES
From E. F. BROOKS.
531 15th st., Corcoran Building No charge for Hanging. FANCY GLOBES, BRASS WORK, &c., &c. oc7

DENTIST, Has returned to the city. S. M. CATE, M. D., 916 McPHERSON Square, gives special attention to diseases of the nervous system, spinal curvatures and Fotts dis-ease. Hours, 11 to 2 and 6 and 7. se25 1m\* NOTICE.—Owing to the death of WILLIAM MC-LEAN, the senior partner of the firm, the surviving partner will close the business of the late firm and continue at the old stand under the name of WM. R. MCLEAN,

Office Dyeing and Scouring Esta 618 9th st. n.w. m Formerly at 206 H st. n.w. BYRON S. ADAMS, PRINTER,

409 NINTH STREET NORTHWEST. se19 JOHN W. CORSON. JOHN W. MACABITNEY.

THE ATTENTION OF VISITORS AND Residents is particularly called to PHOS-VITE, the new and popular Brain and Nerve Tonic and safe nard against Malaria. For sale areated by the glass or in bottles by W. C. MILBURN, Soie In-

BRASS CANDLESTICKS BRASS CUSPIDORS, BRASS UMBRELLA STANDS. BRASS RACKET HOLDER

BRASS RECEIVERS. BRASS PLAQUES, BRASS TRAYS, BRASS TABLES, BRASS BOOK BACKS BRASS MUNIC RACKS

RECOMMISSIONED.—Commodores J. G. Wal. ker and Montgomery Sicard have been recommissioned as chiefs of the bureaus of navigation and ordnance.

METROPOLITAN M. E. CHURCH.

corner 4½ and C sta. n.w.—Preaching at 11

a. m., and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. Dr. HUNT
LEY, Vesper service at 8:30 p. m. Sunday school

at 9:30 a.m. CHURCH OF "OUR FATHER" (UNIversalist), 13th and Lsts., Rev. ALEX. KENT, and 7:30 p.m. and 9:45 a.m. REFORMED CHURCH.—SERVICES IN
Grace Chapel, corner 15th and O sts. n. w.,
to-morrow at 11 a.m. and at 7:30 p. m. preaching by
the pa tor, Rev. C. F. Sontag. ub ect for evening
"The Revocation of the Edict of Nantes." Sunday
school at 9:30 in the morning. Strangers cordially
welcome at all the services. GOOD TIDINGS DAY SERVICE AT Fletcher M. E. Church, New York ave, and 4th st. n.w., at 7:30 p. m. Expect to have Mrs. Linville to address the school. Preaching 11 a.m., by the pastor, Rev. W. H. LANEY. Sunday school 9:30 and 3 p. m. Teachers urgently needed. Epworth Hymnal used in the school and church.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE ETHICAL SOCIETY, COR. 6TH and C sts. n. w., To-morrow, at 3 p. m. Lecare by JOHN L. MCCREERY, on the "Ethical Bond of BEFORMED CHURCH.—SERVICES IN
Grace Chapel, corner 15th and O sts. n.w.,
to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m., Preaching by the
pastor, Rev. C. F. Sontag. A full attendance requested. Strangers cordially welcome, Sunday school
at 9:30. E. ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, NEAR 6TH n. w.-The pastor, Rev. D. W FAUNCE, will preach at 11 a m. and at 7:30 p.m. First half hour at night a service of song. Services are held in lecture room during repairs on church. CENTRAL UNION MISSION, 909 PA.
ave.—Gospel services every night 7:30
o'clock; Sunday, 3 p.m., and daily from 12 to 1.
Come and hear the testimonies of those who have been saved from sin and vice and crime. Good singing. Come.

WAUGH M. E. CHURCH, 3D AND A sts. n.e.—Misses Jennie Smith and Addie Sherman will conduct Revival services to-night and Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock. All-day meeting on Sunday, beginning at 9 a.m., with preaching by the pastor, Dr. BAER, at 11 a.m. Special services through the week, at 7:45 p.m. The invitation is to all. Matt. 28, 29, 30. CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, CORner 5th and H n.w., SAMUEL H. GREENE,
pastor.—Sunday school, 9:30 a.m. Preaching 11 a.m.
and 7:50 p. m. by pastor. Evening, "A Sermon to
Strangers," followed by Baptism.

1t FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 9thst., bet. G and H sts. n.w., Rev. Joseph T. Kelly, pastor. Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m. Preaching by Pastor, at 11 a. m. Communion service, at 4. p. m. No evening service. Strangers are cordially invited. MT. ZION M. E. CHURCH, 15TH AND R sts, n.w.—Rev. J. F. Ockerman, Pastor. 11 a.m. the Christian's Upper Garment; 7½ p.m. "This Man Receiveth Sinners." Rev. Mr. Schultz will assist in revival services each night during the week. "Come, thou, with us."

MT. VERNON PLACE M. E. CHURCH South, corner of 9th and K sts.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. S. K. Cox, D.D. Revival services and night during the week. every Monday and saturday nights. The public cordially invited. CHRISTIAN CHURCH, VERMONT ave., F. D. Power, pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Young people's meeting at 7 a. m. All very welcome. 1t\* SPIRITUALISM TO-MOR.OW; 7TH and L sts. n.w.; 10:30, 7:30. Mrs. A. M. GLADING, spiritul advocate. Inspirational and test. Last day. Door collection. 11\* HAMLINE M. E. CHURCH, 9TH AND P sts., Rev. J A. PRICE, pastor.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:50 p. m. Sunday school teachers' Prayer Meeting 8:30 a. m. Sunday School 9:15 a. m. rayer Meeting 8.30 a. m. Sunday School Voung Peo-Aperience and Revival Service 5 p. m. Young Peo-les Meeting 6:30 p. m. Revival services during the

FOUNDRY M. E. CHURCH, 14TH AND

NEW JERUSALEM (SWEDENBOR-gian) Temple, North Capitol st., between B and sts.—Services to-morrow: 9:30 a.m., Sunday school. 11 a.m., sermon by the rastor, nev. JaBez Fox, on "The Duty of Cultivating Spiritual Life." Text, Matthew xxi., 2sth. THE TABERNACLE, REV. ROBERT Noursk, Pastor. - Divine service at 11 a.m. and 7,30 p.m. Meeting of the W. C. T. U. at 3 p.m. subject in the Evening: "The Wise Men of Eabyson." WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, H. st., between 19th and 20th sts. n.w., after repairs and improvements, will be reopened for Divine service To-morrow at 11 o'clock. Evening service, more particularly for the young people, at 1:30. Rev T. S. WYNKOOP, Minister. CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, COR-CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, CORner Mass. ave. and 12th st. n. w.—Services at
11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; the rector, Rev. Dr. Elliott,
will preach at both services. Subject in the evening
the Lord s Prayer. Seats free in the evening. Ushers
will seat strangers at the morning service.

1t\*

WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPER—
ance Union.—Gospel meeting, The Taberi acle, 9th st., bet. B and Va. ave. s.w. To-morrow
(sunday) at 3 p.m. Revs. Robert Nourse, Richard
Norris, and F. M. Bradley, and Waldo, of New
York, and H. B. Moulton, Esq., will address the
meeting. Public cordially invited.

1t\*

eeting. Public cordially invited. CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, (PR Sbyterian)-Conn. ave. and 18th street. - 1 he Y., wh preach To-morrow, October 25th, at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at half-past 9 a.m. It 4TH ST. M. E.CHURCH, 4TH AND GSTS 4TH ST. M. E.CHURCH, 41H AND ST. M. F. B. RICE 7:30 p m., Rev. G. T. LEECH, Sunday school at church, and Mission at 9:00 a.m. Young people's ALL SOULS' (UNITARIAN) CHURCH, cor. 14th and L sts., Rev. Rush R. Shippen, pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a.m. Morning service at 11. Vespers at 7:30. SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER of 4th st. and Virginia ave. s. e., EDMOND HEZ Swew, pastor.—Preac. ing To-morrow by the pastor, at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Prayer and praise meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p.m. Baptism at close of Sunday evening service. THE ATTRACTIVE MEETING WHICH

has been going on since the first Sunday of this month at Asbury church has been a success. There have been 48 conversions. The mission ary collection on Sunday, 18th of October, amounted to \$242.51. Rev. R. A. REED, Pastor. CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—
Thoroughly repaired and decorated—will be open for public services at 11 o'clock Sabbath morning and at 7:30 in the evening. Preaching by the pastor. ..ev. S. M. Newman. A series of discourses upon lives worth living, will begin To-morrow evening. First topic: "Mary Lyon, the Teacher." The music, under the direction of Dr. Bischoff, is specially arranged for the oversion. UNION METHODIST EPISCOPAL church, 20th st. n.w., near Pennsylvania ave., Rev. CHABLES W. BALDWIN, Lastor, 11 a. m., 7:30 p. m.; Sunday sch. o., 9 a. m.; S. S. Missionary Society, 4 p. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:30 p.m.; Gospel Temperance meeting at 7:30, address by Mr. A. B. DUNNING. Revival services every night next GALBRAITH A. M. E. ZION CHURCH

6th and L sts. n.w.—Quarterly meeting To-morrow. Love feast. 9 to 11. Preaching at 11 am. by Rev. William Gibbons, postor of Zion Baptist church. 3 p.m., Rev. Z. T. I Earsall, and sacrament at 7:30 The Order of Chaldeans will be addressed.
N. J. GREEN, Pastor.

WESLEY CHAPEL.—TEACHERS'
9:30 a.m. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. RICHARD
NOBELS, at 11 a.m. Young peoples' meeting, 3:30 p.
m. Praise service, 7:30 p.m. All are invited to the services.

1t\*

NEW YORK AVENUE PRESBYterian Church—Rev. WM. ALVIN BARTLETT, D. D., pastor. Services To-morrow at 11
0'clock a. m. and 7:30 p.m.

1t\*

THE SOUTH WASHINGTON LECTURE
COURSE.

South Washinton citizens are attempting a Lecture
course. Judging from the talent and the price it will be a great success. All the lecturers are of national be a great success. All the lecturers are of national and there are the part and the president would suspend Stanton he (Grant) would hold the War department until such time as he might and their possession again to the President and the president and the president and the president and the president would suspend Stanton he (Grant) would hold the War department until such time as he might and their past and the partment until such time as he might and their partment until partment until partment until partment until partment until partment until p course. Judging from the talent and the price it will be a great success. All the lecturers are of national reputation. There is Mr. BURDETTE, whose pathetic humor is known by everybody; there is Professor CUMNOCK, of Chicago, the greatest reader of the United r-tates; there is Dr. LADD, the Egyptian traveler, with two stereopticon exhibitions on "Gordon and the Soudon," the only views that we e taken in that country, and there is ROBERT NOURSE, whose fame as a lyceum lecturer is second to none. The price is only One Dollar. They will be given in the Tabernacle, and we predict that it will not be large enough for the audience. We are astonished that it should be attempted for the money.

WASHINGTON MUSICAL ASSEMBLY.

A meeting will be held on SUNDAY, October 25th, at Elk's hall, usual hour. It is especially necessary for all uninitiated members to be present. A full attendance is requested. MR. DENNIS J. P. CROWLEY WISHES
to inform the public that he mayer asked Mr.
A. E. GLACKET to sign his wholesale and retail ilcome,
and does not know what motive Mr. GLACKET had in
view when he refused to sign his petition. K. OF P.—THE MEMBERS OF CA-LANTHE LODGE No. 11, are requested to meet at their Hall at 7½ p.m. THIS (Saturday) EVENIAG to make arrangements for the funeral of

MR. L. D. MELINE WILL RESUME his classes October 20th at 1206 New Hamp WARNING.-ALL TELEGRAPH AND der of owner. THUS, J. PIGHER & CO., Ag

Pacific station, reports to the Secretary of the Navy, under date of Panama, October 14, that he called upon General Montoys, the acting sident of the state of Panama, on the 7th of October, and he acknowledged the interest the U.S. government had taken in the welfare of U. S. government had taken in the welfare of the U. S. of Colombia, and the assistance it had given in maintaining the treaty during the late troubles on the lathmus. Consul General Adamson informed Admiral McCanley that affairs are politically quilet on the Isthmus and in the country at present and are likely to remain so during the winter and until the spring. Admiral McCanley arranged a toda word with the consul general, by which he can be instantly informed of any apprecialing trouble, so that a force may be sent to Painama at once. Work on the canal was at a standardill at the Panama end, but at the other end, for three miles from Colon, one-half the depth and less than the width of the cutting lind been done. "Swinging Around the Circle."